

All the News
Each Week

The Chinook Advance

INDUSTRY AND
PROSPERITY

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The Way to Save

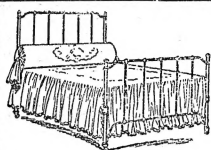
It is the systematic regularity with which you make small deposits, rather than the occasional banking of a considerable amount, that steadily builds up a substantial financial backing.

Get the habit of definitely depositing. Three dollars saved every week, with interest at 3% compounded semi-annually, in five years will amount to \$841.02.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Chinook Branch
Cereal Branch

W. A. Cruickshank, Manager
J. Jack, Manager



Beds,
Bed Springs,
Mattresses

We sell the famous Simmons line of Beds, Bed Springs, Mattresses, Cots etc. For a perfect night's rest sleep on a Simon's Felt Mattresses and Banner Coil Spring. Banner Springs Guaranteed for 20 Years.

Banner Hardware

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal



Chiropractic

L. P. Leavitt, D.C.

Graduate of Palmer School
Of Chiropractic.

Chiropractic Spinal Adjustments will remove
Cause of DISEASE

Will be in
**LANFIRE Every Tuesday
And Saturday**
Between the hours of 9 a.m.
and 2 p.m.

Office Open. from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Every Day.
Examinations FREE.

CHINOOK

ALTA.

A limited quantity of
**Good Tires to clear at
greatly reduced prices.**
Grooved Tires, size 31x4

**Genuine Ford Repairs
The Service Garage**

Chinook, Alberta



HON. ARTHUR MEIGHEN
Prime Minister of Canada.

ELECTION DAY DECEMBER 6th.

Tuesday, December 6, has been officially announced as the voting day for the general election. Nominations will be made on November 22, and parliament has been summoned to meet January 22, 1922.

Chilmark Postoffice Destroyed by Fire

Chilmark Postoffice was totally destroyed by fire early last Friday morning. It appears that the fire started in the postoffice adjoining the residence of the postmaster, Mr. H. Male, and before it was found out had got a good hold on the building. The wind carried the flames into the dwelling house which was also burned to the ground. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Teachers' Convention

Arrangements have been made to hold the Teachers' Convention at Youngstown on Thursday and Friday, November 3rd and 4th.

Room 3 Chinook School Wins Diploma

At the school fair recently held here, Room 3 of the Chinook school won the diploma given by the department of agriculture for the best exhibits. Laughlin school second, and Room 2 of Chinook school came third.

Ladies Card Club

The ladies card club met at the Acadia Hotel last Monday evening, Mrs. J. L. Carter being the hostess. Mrs. J. S. Smith was the successful winner with a score of 148 points. The prize was an Aluminum double boiler. The card club will meet at the home of Mrs. G. Cruickshank on Tuesday, Oct. 18.

Liberal Convention At Medicine Hat Oct. 21

A nominating convention has been called by the Medicine Hat Liberals for Oct. 21.

Personalities

A three act comedy entitled "Green Stockings" will be staged by local talent in Chinook in the near future. Watch for date in next week's issue.

Have you purchased your season ticket for the Chautauqua at Chinook November 8-9-10?

Mr. Pat English, who has been on the staff of the Union Bank here, has been transferred to the Calgary branch and left for that point Sunday.

Mr. Chas. Wyle made a business trip to Calgary last week.

Mrs. W. A. McLaughlin gave a surprise party recently in honor of Mrs. E. B. Osborne, who is shortly leaving for the Coast. About thirty people sat down to a sumptuous dinner served by the hostess. After dinner Mrs. Osborne was presented with a purse as a token of respect and esteem in which she was held by her many friends.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Quick and family, of Youngstown, were Chinook visitors on Sunday.

Mrs. W. H. Davis, of Coltholme has been appointed Municipal nurse of Hillsburgh near Brock, Ont., at a salary of \$125.00 per month.

About sixteen townsite lots were sold last Saturday at the auction sale.

Miss Mabel Ethridge, of Empress, spent the week-end in town visiting her sister.

Mrs. Jas. E. Martin and her daughter, Reva, left Monday for Harrisville, Mich., where they will visit relatives.

Mrs. J. R. Mitchell, who has been receiving medical treatment at the Mayo Hospital, Rochester, Minn., returned last Sunday.

Mrs. T. Stephenson and family moved into town last Saturday.

Mr. C. W. Spicer, of Bindloss, was in town this week renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. Joe Turtle left on Tuesday for Edmonton where he will spend the winter.

The party holding ticket number 63 won the gramophone exhibited in Woodruff's store. Is that the number of your ticket?

Mr. Jas. McDonald, of Fisherville, Ont., is now on the staff of the Union Bank at this point.

Mr. O. Hinds made a business trip to Castor last Tuesday.

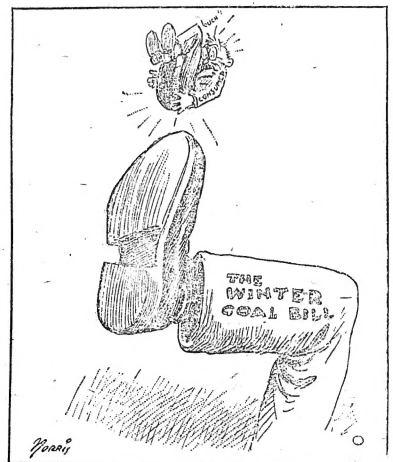
Mr. Harry Hewitt, who has been in the Rosetown district for the last month, returned yesterday.

Rev. J. P. Suttill, of Cereal, was a Chinook visitor Wednesday.

M. D. of Coltholme, No 243

The ratepayers of the M.D. of Coltholme, No. 243, will please take notice that the animals mentioned in Section 2 of the Herd By-Law shall this year be allowed to run at large on and after October 15th.

Lorne Proudfoot,
Sec.-Treas.



The Football Season is Now Open.
—Morris

Look Out For

Chautauqua

At

CHINOOK

November 8-9-10

Look out for details about the artists and lecturers which will appear on the programme.

Attention Ladies!

Mrs. M. Weltman, of Calgary, Noted Milliner, will have a complete showing of Millinery in our

store during

Friday and Saturday

Of this week

Oct. 14 and 15.

Mrs. Weltman advises us that she has an exceptionally nice line of Ladies and Children's Hats at very reasonable prices.

We invite all the Ladies to come and inspect same. Don't forget the date Friday and Saturday of this week.

J. M. Montgomery

"The Store that Saves You Money"



The Importance Of Encouraging Western Settlers

The many advantages that would accrue to Canada from the settlement of the vast unoccupied areas of fertile agricultural lands in the West are fairly well recognized by all people, yet the work of peopling these vast lands languishes and proceeds almost at a snail's pace.

There is hardly a Canadian problem today, the solution of which, wholly or largely, is not to be found in a large increase in the population of the country.

Is it the huge national debt created by the war and the consequent heavy burden of taxation? The solution is not so much in decreased expenditures or never and additional means of revenue, but in a larger number of people to produce new wealth and to carry a share of the national load, thereby reducing the burden all round.

Is it the problem of making the National Railway pay? The solution is not to be found in higher rates for passengers and freight, which would operate to further decrease traffic, nor solely in economies in management and operation, to which there is a limit if efficient service is not to be destroyed, but through increased population and increased production creating greater traffic to keep the railways profitably busy.

Is it a steady output for our factories and uninterrupted employment for Canada's artisans? The solution is more people in Canada requiring the output of our factories.

Older countries, already blessed with fairly large populations, can well depend upon the natural increase of their people. But not so a young country like Canada, an empire in itself covering half a continent and possessing untold wealth in untouched natural resources. Canada now requires, and for many years to come will require, just what the United States required throughout the Nineteenth Century, and that is a large and "steady stream of immigrants." The United States, with its more than one hundred million people, can now afford to check the stream, but Canada needs to encourage it.

In the ten or fifteen years before the war, immigration poured into Canada at a rate never experienced prior to that time. The mere handful of people in the West doubled, trebled, quadrupled; unoccupied territories became flourishing provinces; hamlets grew into towns, towns were transformed into thriving cities. Why? Because the incoming settlers brought money and goods with them, settled on vacant lands and began to produce. As they produced new wealth from the soil, the demand for the factory products of the East grew by leaps and bounds. Factories which had remained at a standstill in volume of production year after year, or grew so slowly that it was almost imperceptible, suddenly found it necessary to build a new storey, an addition, or a new building altogether in order to meet the demand. Labor was at a premium and unemployment practically unknown. The railways were congested with more traffic than they could handle. More railways had to be built, and thus more employment was created. The mines were busy and so was the lumber industry. It was all directly traceable to the immigration and the enormous resultant increase in agricultural production.

With so recent an object lesson before the country it is amazing to find a very large number of people opposing immigration to Canada now when, in order to carry the burdens imposed on the Dominion by reason of the war, the need for more people and for highly increased production is so evident. Restrictions have been placed on immigration to Canada which were undreamed of a few years ago, and are of such a character that, as one speaker at a recent public meeting said, had they been in force at the time our parents and grand-parents immigrated to this country, probably one-half of the people now here would not be here. Stringent as present restrictions are, there is persistent demand in some quarters that they be made even more stringent, while others advocate absolute prohibition of immigration.

Possibly the immigration laws of both Canada and the United States were too lax in the past in one respect in that the bars were not kept up against the admission of the diseased, the mentally and morally deficient, and the criminal class. All such should be rigidly excluded. But lack of money should not be made a deterrent to anybody who is physically fit, morally sound, and mentally efficient, capable and willing to work.

In another respect, too, Canada was at fault in the past in its treatment of new comers. It was not sufficient to induce people to come to assist in the development of the country and on their arrival to leave them to shift for themselves, which so often led to failure and shipwreck of their lives through ignorance of the conditions and customs of the land of their choice. A recent little "Manual of Citizenship" issued by the Department of Immigration and Colonization for the guidance of new arrivals is, therefore, an encouraging innovation. In fact, the change in name from Department of Immigration and Colonization to "Department of Citizenship" is in itself significant as an indication of a new and better policy. It is important, however, that the work of immigration should not be stopped or checked by too rigid laws and regulations. On the contrary increased efforts should be put forth to secure new settlers of the right type.

Newboy Going

To University

Has Saved Enough to Put Himself Through.

For the past ten years, David Pasternack, working under the handicap of possessing but one limb, has sold newspapers on the streets of Calgary. David has gone to Kingston, Ont., to study at Queen's University with the idea of eventually becoming a chemical engineer. For the past ten years David has saved carefully, and today possesses sufficient wealth, without to put him through the eastern university.

Healthy Liver Healthy Life

Your liver—healthy or clogged, active or sluggish—makes all the difference between a vigorous, cheerful life and low spirits and failure. To subdue a stubborn liver, over-coming constipation, dizziness, indigestion, headache and all the blues there is nothing on earth so good as **Carter's Little Liver Pills**. Purely vegetable. **Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price**

German Competition

Becoming Severe

Tenders For Railway Equipment 40 Per Cent. Below British.

Commenting on the severity of the German competition for orders for railway equipment, Modern Transport states that one German firm's tender was 40 per cent. under the lowest British tender for carriages for the Indian state railway. The tender for one of the Durban railways has been given to a British firm, although the quotations exceeded the lowest German figures by 19 per cent.

England Wants More Hens.

England needs 5,500,000 more hens in order to get back to the estimated consumption for 1912 of 129 eggs per person, asserts Edward Brown, secretary of the National Poultry Council. Mr. Brown says that in the United States and Canada it is stated the average consumption is nearly 200 eggs per unit annually. Taking his estimates on the recent census figures for Great Britain, he computes that each person in England last year ate 93 eggs.

A whale's throat is so small that you could choke him with your fist, and he feeds on the smallest things in the sea.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

Proves Irrigation

Is a Success

Man in Third Season Owns Farm and Equipment.

Proof of success in the irrigated section in Alberta is exemplified in a farmer named Williamson. After working as a hired man he rented an engine and ploughing outfit on an acreage basis and with the proceeds of one season's ploughing purchased an irrigated farm of eighty acres and broke it. The fall he bought a threshing machine and paid for it through the proceeds of the season's threshing operations. This is his third season's farming and he owns a farm, threshing and ploughing outfit and tractor, all fully paid for.

THEORIGINOFGALLSTONES

They are simply dried bile made up of Crystalline constituents of that fluid. Very common is this disease among merchants, traders and men of business and of sedentary habits. Prevention consists in maintaining correct action of the liver and bowels, and this is speedily accomplished by using Dr. Hamilton's Pills. No person using Dr. Hamilton's Pills will be subject to biliousness, indigestion, flatulence, acid, or any of the ailments which attend a laxative is needed, when you feel out of sorts, that's the time to use Dr. Hamilton's Pills of McIntyre and Butner, 25c all dealers or The Cataract Co., Montreal.

More Acres Seeded To Rye

Estimated That Crop of 1922 Will be Large.

It is estimated that Southern Alberta and Southern Saskatchewan are this year seeding about 350,000 acres to fall-planted rye, as compared with 250,000 acres last year, an increase of about 500,000 acres, or about 155 per cent. It is further calculated that, given an average yield per acre, the rye crop of 1922 in Southern Alberta and Saskatchewan will give the farmers of these districts three or four million dollars more than they will receive this year.

MILD EPIDEMIC

GOING ROUND

It is due to impurities in the water, causes cramps, diarrhoea, headache. Those who take twenty drops of Norville in creosote water morning and night get relief. It is really wonderful how good old Norville fixes up a sour upset stomach, how it stops hiccoughs, how quickly it puts a stop to these nasty attacks of gas. Every home should keep a bottle or two of trusty old Norville on hand. 25 cents everywhere.

Perseverance.

He, "Couldn't you learn to love me?"

She, "I might. I once learned to like cold liver oil."

Here Is What The

Principal Learned

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ARE THE REMEDY FOR KIDNEY ILLS.

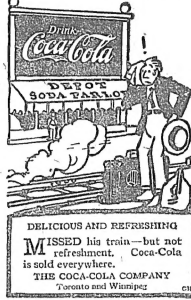
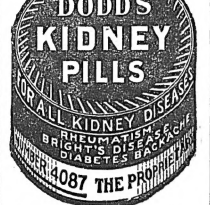
Principal of Saskatchewan Schools Tells Out of His Own Experience What to Do When the Kidneys are Diseased.

Webb, Sask., (Special).—That there is one sovereign remedy for kidney disease and that remedy is Dodd's Kidney Pills is the outspoken opinion of Mr. George Hutchings, principal of the public schools here. "I suffered for two years from diseased kidneys," Principal Hutchings states. "I was advised about a year ago to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. They have helped me more than any remedy I have ever tried. I find that my health has been greatly improved. I can conscientiously recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from kidney disease. I would not be without them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. They help the kidneys to do their full work of straining all the impurities out of the blood. The result is new health and energy all over the body, and your neighbors about Dodd's Kidney Pills.

One of the most serviceable water-

proofs is the raincoat of Mitsuhashi paper, made from the leaves and stems of a small shrub which grows in the mountains of Japan.



Sixty Years In

One Regiment

Captain Swift Joined Queen's Own "Rifles In 1861.

Captain Charles Swift, leader of the bugle band of the Queen's Own Toronto Rifles of Canada, has the longest service of any military man in Canada—sixty years in the one regiment. The Militia Department has just marked this service by promoting him to an honorary Captainship in the regiment. It was as a triangle player that Captain Swift joined the Queen's Own Regiment at Ridge-way in 1861, and led the band on the trip to the coronation of King Edward. Leading musicians from all parts of the world have congratulated Capt. Swift on the wonderful band he leads.

Curing Plant Diseases

British Government Secures Services of Expert Scientists.

The increase in the world's store of food has become, since the war, a most pressing problem. Men of science have realized for many years that the question of vegetable food actually produced could be multiplied if plants were protected from fungus and parasites of all kinds. A similar state of affairs exists in connection with plants which have a commercial value. The British Government has, therefore, decided to establish an Imperial Department which will make a close investigation of plant diseases and experiment with methods of preventing or curing them. The services of the highest experts have been secured for this bureau, and the work it is expected to establish will be of great benefit not only to the British Empire but to the world at large.

The Bolsheviks Of America

Preaches State of Affairs That No One Can Imagine.

He who preaches Bolshevism to the American people preaches more tyranny, more injustice, more social paralysis, more want and suffering than ever before bound up in any social or political doctrine that the desecrating mind can possibly conceive. This the American people, who are now engaged in relieving the sufferings of the victims of the Marxian philosophy and practice in Russia, know quite too well to be disturbed by any denance that its discredited advocates may make.—The Boston Transcript.

Mail Insurance Claims.

Directors of the Municipal Life Insurance Association have fixed the rate of premium to be paid by farmers for the current year at twenty-five cents an acre on the new seeded acreage. Based on all claims received this levy practically makes a five per cent. rate. Claims numbered \$1,688,491.

Wheat Yield in Saskatchewan.

The wheat yield of Saskatchewan is estimated for the present year to be 115,000,000 bushels; oats, 196,290,000 bushels; barley, 13,500,000; flax, 4,500,000 bushels; and rye, 4,652,000 bushels.

A Prime Dressing for Wounds.—In some factories and workshops carbolic acid is kept for use in cauterizing wounds and cuts sustained by the workmen. Far better to keep on hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil. It is just as quick in action and does not scar the skin or burn the flesh.

"There was a strange man at the door," announced the new servant from Boston. "What does he want?" asked the master of the house, impatiently. "Begging your pardon, sir," replied the servant, a shade of disapproval manifest in his voice, "he wants a bath, but what he is asking for is something to eat."

W. N. U. 1289.

Growing Fuel In Six Years

Many Trees Sued For Prairies Grow Very Rapidly.

Many of the species which can be used on the prairies are very rapid growers, for example, cottonwood, willow, Russian poplar and Manitoba maple. It is safe to say that wood large enough for fuel can be grown from any of these trees within six years. After that time a plantation will increase in value and production tenfold year by year and will prove one of the best investments on the farm.

On the Nursery Station at Indian Head, Sask., a plot three-quarters of an acre in extent was planted out to Russian poplar in 1906, trees spaced four feet apart each way. In 1913 the average height of these trees was twenty-three feet. In the fall of 1912 half the plot was cut down and yielded six and three-quarter cords of quite fair fuel. This is at the rate of about eighteen cords per acre in eight years. The soil was a medium clay loam.

The labor cost of planting was \$6.85 per acre and cultivation for two years about \$6 per year.—N. M. Ross, Supt. of Tree Planting, Dominion Forestry Branch, Indian Head.

GOOD HEALTH

AND GOOD SPIRITS

Depend Upon the Condition of the Blood—Keep it Rich, Red and Pure.

When a doctor tells you that you are anemic, he simply means, in plain English, that your blood is weak and watery. But this condition is one that may easily pass into a hopeless decline, if prompt steps are not taken to enrich the blood. "Poor blood, weak, watery blood is the cause of headaches and backaches, loss of appetite, poor digestion, rheumatism, neuritis, nervous irritability and many other troubles. To poor blood is due the plagues and blotches, the muddy complexion that disfigures so many faces. To have good health, a good complexion and cheerful nature, the blood must be kept rich, red and pure. This is easily done through the use of a blood enriching tonic like Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The whole mission of this medicine is to help enrich the blood which reaches every nerve and every cell in the body, bringing with it health, strength and new activity. That is why people who are occasionally sick, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills always feel bright, active and strong.

Mrs. E. E. Cook, Sincere, Ont., gives strong testimony to the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when the blood is in an anemic condition, she says: "I have been a sufferer for some years from the blood. The blood is the life of the system. I suffered from pains in the back, twitching of the nerves and muscles, my appetite was poor, I had indigestion and would get dizzy after eating. My hands and feet were always cold, and though I was considered a robust woman, the medicine I took did not help me. I had practically given up hope of good health, until a friend from Hamilton came to visit me, and urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It took some persuasion, but finally I consented to try them. I have reason to be grateful that I did, for after using seven boxes I feel like a new person. I have gained in weight, have a better color and my nervous system is improved. For this reason, my thanks are due Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I cannot praise them too highly. You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Discover Greek Temple

Inscriptions of Bronze Establish Date of 400 B.C.

Greek archaeologists have unearthed an imposing temple at Heras, Thessaly. The structure is in an excellent state of preservation and is stated to be as large as the temple of Jupiter at Olympia. The bronze inscriptions establish the date as that of 400 B.C. Tablets have also been found bearing indications of laws and resolutions of an ancient civilization. This is the second temple which has been discovered within a month, the first having been found near the city of Volo. The excavations are continuing.

Persistence of British Pest.

An instance of British pestal delay but an equal detrimental to its people, was the delivery at Prince Albert to J. Harris, an Imperial veteran of a packet of cigarettes mailed him while he was engaged in the South African War, from England in 1903. The package indicates that during its 18 years rambling it has been to India, New Zealand, and nearly all over the globe.

His French.

"Where did you learn your French, Mr. Sapiegh—abroad?"

"No, right here, off perfume bottles!"

The culta excavator always gets in his work.

Ask for Minard's and take no other



CUTICURA

FOR THE DAILY TOILET

Use Cuticura Soap daily for the toilet and have a healthy clear complexion, soft white hands and good hair. Assist when necessary by touches of Cuticura Ointment. The Cuticura Talcum is also ideal for the skin.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c, Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: J. Ross, Ltd., 44 St. Paul St., Toronto. Cuticura Soap shares without limit.

Immigrants Were

Mostly British Born

Fifty Thousand Arrive in Canada in Four Months.

For the four months, April to July, inclusive, the total British immigration into Canada was 26,268, from the United States for the same period, 11,219, and from all other countries, 9,429. Of the United States settlers, the department asserts, the great majority are English-speaking and a large proportion are descendants of British born. Rejection at ocean ports during the four months, April to July, numbered 514, of which only 72 were British.

Banks And The People

Money Is No Longer Hidden, But Put to Work.

The war, with its severe drain upon the resources of the people and its popular loans in which the banks became the direct agents of the Government in dealing with the people, did much to create interest in the banks and to arouse a response to their appeals to the thrift and economy of the people. The hidden money lag of plunger days has almost disappeared. The people are putting their money to work. They are coming to the view that their surplus money is merely stored work, with a satisfactory potential earning power, and the more of this there is in the country the better, for idle money is as much an evil as idle hands.—The Indianapolis News.

Why No Rainbow in Winter.

Why is the rainbow so frequently seen during summer and so seldom during winter? Its formation, we are told by Professor W. J. Humphreys, the eminent meteorological physicist, requires the co-existence of rain and sunshine, a condition that often accompanies passing, and the more of this there is in the country the better, for idle money is as much an evil as idle hands.—The Indianapolis News.

The halibut fishermen of the Pacific

pay all their bills before starting on a fishing trip.

SUFFERING OF

YOUNG WOMEN

This Letter Tells How It May be Overcome—All Mothers Interested.

Toronto, Ont.—"I have suffered since I was a school girl with pain in my left side, and it has been so bad at times that I was unfit for work. Best and patent medicines, but was only relieved for a short time. Some of the doctors wanted to perform an operation, but my father objected. Finally I learned through my mother of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and how thankful I am that I tried it. I am relieved from pain and cramps, and feel as if it has saved my life. I may use my letter to help other women as I am glad to recommend the medicine."—Mrs. H. A. Goodman, 14 Rockville Ave., Toronto.

Those who are troubled as Mrs. Goodman was should immediately seek restoration to health by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Those who need special advice may write to Lydia E. Pinkham, Med. Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. These letters will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

France Anxious For Complete Understanding With Great Britain

London. — The London Times special correspondent in Paris suggests the possibility of renewal and consolidation of the entente through the French and British delegates working together at the Washington conference in the general cause of peace. Relative to the French and British differences he says what the French cannot understand is "the persistent neglect of British statesmen to meet them open-mindedly and examine in a spirit of friendly frankness all outstanding causes of difference and strike an honest balance, wherever identity of view is impossible."

"I have reason to believe," adds the correspondent, "that proposals of this nature have repeatedly been made from leading Frenchmen to leading representatives of Great Britain, but no effective response has been noticeable up to the present."

Discussing "funds of the allied debts in its financial notes," the Times declares it is obvious that as the allies are not in a position to redeem their debt to the United States in the near future, funding operations are inevitable.

"When the United States Government suspends its liens upon Austrian property," the writer further says, "it will be possible to put into effect the project for rehabilitating the economic position of Austria."

"We have the best reasons for believing that the United States Government is not likely to take any action which would involve abandonment of the Austrian scheme."

Memorial Designs For Battlefield

Canadian Commission Has Received Report From Competitors.

Ottawa. — The Canadian battlefields memorial commission has received a report from the professional assessors upon the competitive designs submitted for eight monuments to be erected on the battlefields in France and Belgium. The competition has been in progress during the past year, and has been participated in by leading architects, sculptors and artists generally. The decision reached by the commission will be communicated to the Governor-General-in-Council, after which the name of the successful sculptor will be announced.

In the first stage of the competition, 160 sets of designs were submitted, and of these 17 were selected for the second stage. The models have all been thoroughly examined by the commissioners.

Honor For Manitoba Doctor

Rockefeller Foundation Awards Fellowship to Dr. R. D. Kitchen, Souris.

New York. — Dr. Robert D. Kitchen, of Souris, Man., has been awarded a Fellowship by the Rockefeller Foundation, for post graduate study of international medicine. Dr. Kitchen is a native of Brandon, Man. He will return to Winnipeg as a member of the faculty of the University of Manitoba in the department of internal medicine.

Dr. Jos. A. Dandouloup, assistant secretary of the Superior Board of Health, of the province of Quebec, and Professor of Hygiene in the University of Montreal, has also been granted a fellowship for the study of medicine and public health in the U.S.

Sales Tax Necessary

All Have to Pay Share of Financial Burden.

Toronto. — Explaining the necessity for a sales tax, Sir Henry Drayton, Minister of Finance, addressing the Bread and Cake Manufacturers' Association Convention, said Canada was carrying a heavy financial burden as an aftermath of the war and all had to pay a share either direct or indirectly.

Prize For Cancer Cure

New York. — A prize of \$100,000 for the discovery of a medicinal remedy to relieve cancer has been offered by an anonymous donor through the Cosmopolitan Cancer Research Society of Brooklyn. Requirements of the award call for method of treatment formulae and full information with therapeutic proof in at least 50 cases.

W. N. U. 1389.

Developing Power In Manitoba

Winnipeg—Fraser, Brace and Company, contracting engineers, of Montreal, have been awarded contracts for the construction work on the \$10,000,000 power development scheme at Great Falls, on the Winnipeg River, 36 miles from here, by the Manitoba Power Company, Limited. Development work is already under way, with about 200 men employed, and immediate employment for an additional 200 men will be found. Ultimately, 1,000 to 2,500 men will be required to push work as rapidly as possible.

Manitoba Societies Will Extend Credits

Total Outstanding Loans Amount to Over Two Million.

Winnipeg.—Rural credits societies of Manitoba will be forced to extend time for payment of \$1,000,000 of farmers' notes until next fall, according to information obtained here. Total outstanding loans of the societies amount to \$2,000,000. It is estimated \$1,500,000 of the loans will be collectible this fall and new notes payable in 1922 will be accepted for the balance.

Excessive rains which held up threshing operations and lowered prices of grain and livestock are the reasons the societies are unable to make full collections this fall.

Plague In British India

Hundreds Have Died and People Are Panic Stricken.

London. — "Hundreds of people have died of plague in the city of Jubbulpur, British India," says a despatch to the Daily Mail from Allahabad. The victims of the scourge are so numerous, it is said, that it is almost impossible to bury or burn the bodies of those who have died. The city is reported to be almost panic-stricken.

Jubbulpur is the capital of a district of the same name in Central India and is located about 250 miles southwest of Allahabad. It is usually a centre of trade and industry, the chief manufactures being cotton goods and carpets. It has a population of about 50,000, most of whom are Hindus.

Britain and France To Pay Largest Share of Expenses

Geneva.—Great Britain and France must pay the largest proportion of the expenses of operating the League of Nations, it was found when the committee charged with determining the share each country should pay reported to the assembly of the league. Each must pay 9.25 per cent, while China, India, Italy and Japan were placed in the second category and were called upon to pay 6.65 per cent. In the third category were placed Argentina, Spain, Brazil, Rumania, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia, whose initial shares were fixed at 3.55 per cent. The scale was graduated downward to .21 per cent, which will be paid by Panama, Paraguay, Salvador, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras and Liberia.

Consideration of an amendment to article 18 of the covenant of the League of Nations, which would exempt technical treaties from registration with the secretariat of the League of Nations, was postponed by the assembly of the league here. The purpose of the change in the covenant was to make article 18 effective in breaking up secret treaties through registration.

A. J. Balfour, of Great Britain, declared it was absurd to expect nations that signed a treaty of defense which they were ready to register and make public, to be required at the same time to disclose the means, military or otherwise, by which they contemplated making their defense.

Assent to Peace Treaty

Berlin.—The Imperial Council has officially notified the Reichstag of its assent to the peace treaty with the United States without modifications. After this formality the treaty will be officially published and acquire legal force.

Instrumental Music And Christian Unity

(By O. E. Payne, Hanna, Alta.)

The dominant issue in Christendom today is the unity of believers. All important denominations, except the Roman Catholics, and nearly all the minor ones, are actively participating in conferences looking to that goal. The discovery of a true and acceptable platform which will serve as a basis is one of chief quests, while the removal of any obstacles to such unity is of no less concern. Questions of creed, ordination, form of organization and government, and the title to property are important factors, but in the minds of both enthusiasts and moderates, the question of baptism looms above them all.

There is another issue, not less grave, to which the attention of only the few has as yet been drawn. Omitting the Latin Church, there are almost as many Christians who reject instrumental music as there are those who employ it and regard it as spiritual. Those who oppose it do so from principle. They will not employ it, will not worship or have fellowship with those who do, and they base their scruples upon the Scriptures.

Such concede that instrumental music was authorized in the Old Testament, but not in the New, and insist that we are to be guided alone by the latter. They hold that while there is no affirmative prohibition of such music in the Christian Scriptures, they allege that they are our sole and sufficient guide, and that their supposed silence amounts to a prohibition.

As matters have stood, the thoughtful few have realized that this situation constitutes an impediment to such unity, and that progress towards unity, and that the parties who forego instrumental music constitute two or three hundred millions, the largest of the dozen or so bodies which so hold being the Greek Church, to which most Slavs belong, which church is actively laboring for unity.

Many have strayed to point to a way of escape, but it must be admitted that they have left the riddle unsolved. The King James version and the revision which sheds no new light on the former as regards this question, have seemed to confirm the widely accepted insistence that the New Testament is silent as to instrumental music, and that such music is an innovation.

But all that is changed by the appearance of a remarkable book which has just been issued from the pen of O. E. Payne, of Hanna, Alberta, which is being received with equal joy by those who have conscientiously refrained from using such music. The book is entitled, "Instrumental Music Is Scriptural" and, in a new masterly way that amazes the best informed of both sides, proceeds to show that the New Testament is not silent upon the question, but that Christians are as distinctly directed to employ instruments in praising God as they are their voices in song. The inspired writers employ two Greek verbs, *psalms*, to tell us what manner of music to employ. By the consent of all, the first means to sing. As to *psalms*, the author quotes definitions from a hundred Greek lexicons covering more than twenty centuries, proving that it means to play an instrument. Every important lexicon is included in the long list. Then, to guard against the possibility of the lexicons erring, about one hundred and fifty examples of the use of the word are gleaned from Greek writers of the centuries before, at the time of

WESTERN EDITORS



E. Hartland, Publisher of the Western Prairie, Cypress River, Man.

and after the period in which the New Testament was being written. About thirty of these excerpts are from contemporaries of the Apostles, in which the context proves to a certainty that the authors used the word to refer to instrumental music.

Having in these and many other ways established the fact that *psalms* signified the playing of an instrument, and that therefore when, in Greek, Christians are directed to "sing and *psalms*," they are told to "sing and play," the author proceeds to prove that from the first, translators have so understood the words. A century after the New Testament was written, the Psalter, the first known translation, which Philip Schaff terms "the queen of versions," because of its accuracy, was from the Greek to the Syriac. Throughout it renders the Greek *psalms* as meaning play instruments. A Coptic translation in like way is also cited.

Four hundred years ago Luther pursued a like course, translating the Greek into "sing and *psalms*," which, in German, means "sing and play." The several revisions of Luther's great translation continue this rendering as do many other German translations, and all the Danish, Swedish, Norwegian and Dutch translations the author was able to find. It is thus shown that the common English versions are exceptional in rendering the two words "sing and make melody," while Rotherham's English and most other modern European translations agree with each other and the lexicons in rendering the verbs to "sing and play."

In thus removing the cause for scruples which many had, and the impasse as regards music toward which the world-wide unity movement was rapidly traveling, the author of this work, which is the outcome of years of research in the libraries of two continents, has earned the thanks of Christendom.

The book is equally adapted to the learned and unlearned, and the author, O. E. Payne, Hanna, Alta., deserves credit for the production of this interesting work.

Fur Farming.

Canada now has 582 fur farms. The boom has gone, but steady progress has remained. The business of growing furs by domestic propagation of fur-bearing animals is one with a great future. Twenty years hence, most of our furs may be farmed.

Patronize your local merchant and thereby help to build up your home town and community.

Conference Will Debate On Improvement Of Canadian Livestock

Fall Rye Supplied To Alberta Farmers

Edmonton.—Fall rye has been supplied to farmers in Southern Alberta by the Department of Agriculture to the extent of 19,848 bushels. There were 747 applicants, who were furnished fall rye at an average rate of nearly 42 bushels per man. More than half the total quantity was supplied to farmers in the Medicine Hat district. Good soil conditions are reported in the greater part of the dry belt.

Could Not Absorb Number Proposed

Australia's Premier Says 20,000 Emigrants All They Could Handle.

London.—A Reuter cable from Melbourne says that Premier W. M. Hughes referring to an interview with the Australian emigration agent cabled from London who is alleged to have recommended the despatch of 200,000 emigrants yearly to Australia from the British Isles said it would be fully to pour such a population into Australia until adequate arrangements have been made for making them wealth producing. Premier Hughes thinks the figure quoted is absurd. In his view, the practical position is that from 12,000 to 20,000 might safely be sent out this year.

No Outsiders In U. S. Merchant Marine

One of Best Purser's Discharged Was A Canadian.

New York.—A few days ago, 200 members of the crew of the steamer George Washington were discharged on the ground that they were not citizens and their places taken by men who could "qualify on that ground." One of the men ousted was W. H. P. Mattenson, a Canadian, who was purser on the vessel. Mattenson was regarded as being one of the best pursers in the North Atlantic service, but the rule of the United States Merchant Marine is "no outsiders need apply."

Flooding Of Steamer Still A Mystery

Hull of Canadian Importer Found to Be Intact.

Victoria, B.C.—Cause of the flooding of the engine room of the steamer Canadian Importer, of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine, which disabled the steamer more than six hundred miles off the Oregon coast, while the vessel was en route from Vancouver to Sydney, Australia, still remains a mystery. The vessel was put into dry dock at Esquimalt and this morning an examination of the vessel's hull found her to be intact and her sea valves in perfect working order.

Many Killed In Train Wreck

Cars Take Fire After Collision In French Tunnel.

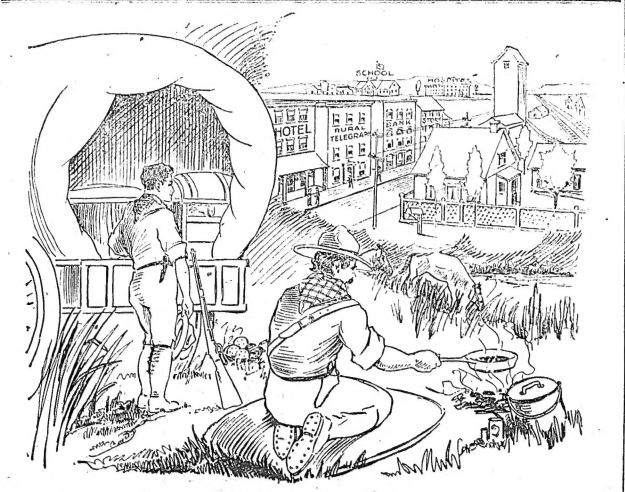
Paris.—Seventeen of those injured in the tunnel wreck have died in hospitals, according to Havas Agency, bringing the total number of dead up to 33. Examination of the 17 burned cars has not yet been possible, and it is feared that they contain additional victims.

Paris.—A rear-end collision of two suburban trains in the half-mile tunnel leading to the St. Lazare railroad station led to terrifying scenes and the death of many persons. A band on their homeward journey from Paris. The wrecked cars burst into flames, and the disaster was made all the more terrible by the explosion of a gas reservoir.

Finds England Depressed

People More Cheerful During War Says Dr. Chown.

Toronto.—Dr. R. B. Chown, general superintendent of the Methodist Church, who has just returned from the Ecumenical Conference in London, declares that he has never seen England looking so depressed. "I have been in London under a German raid," said Dr. Chown, "and in the midst of the vicissitudes of the war, but even under those conditions the people seemed to be exhilarated as compared with their present mood."



THEN AND NOW.

JUDICIAL SALE OF VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY

PURSUANT to the Judgment and Final Order for Sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction with the approval of the Master in Chambers at Edmonton, Alberta, of the Judicial District of Edmonton, by Charles Mills, Auctioneer, at the office of the Chinook Advance, in Chinook, Alberta, at three (3.00) o'clock in the afternoon on Friday, the 4th day of November, 1921, the following property, namely:

The West Half and the North-east Quarter of Section Nineteen (19), in Township Twenty-eight (28), Range Seven (7), west of the Fourth Meridian, Alberta, containing by admeasurement Four Hundred and Eighty (480) Acres more or less, excepting thereout all mines and minerals.

The terms of the sale to be ten per cent. cash at the time of the sale, and the balance of the purchase price is to be paid into Court within sixty days from the date of the sale without interest, or in the alternative ten per cent. as aforesaid, and the execution of a mortgage by the purchaser for the sum of \$300.00 and the remainder of the purchase price to be paid into Court within sixty days from the date of sale without interest. Said mortgage to be repayable in three years and to bear interest at the rate of eight per cent., payable half yearly and on the usual form of the Vendor.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save the following which the purchaser shall assume, namely:

1. Two mortgages against said land in favor of the North of Scotland Canadian Mortgage Company, Limited, dated respectively the 29th day of January, 1913, and the 14th day of July, 1913, under which there is owing the sum of \$5,427.36 as of the 1st December, 1921, with interest at 8%.
2. A seed grain lien to the Crown registered the 8th day of November, 1915, under which there is owing the sum of \$853.43 as of the 1st day of December, 1921, and interest at 5%.
3. A writ of execution by one Florence Hackney, dated the 28th day of August, 1916, under which there is estimated to be owing the sum of \$843.21.
4. Such reservations or conditions as may be expressed in the existing Certificate of Title in the grant from the Crown to said land, and also to any tenancy affecting same.

The Vendor is informed that the above property is situated about four miles from the Village of Chinook, which is on the C.N.R. line from Alaskan to Drumheller; that the soil is a chocolate loam, and at the present time there are or have been about 230 acres under crop which is not included in the sale, and another 150 acres is in summer fallow. The vendor is further informed that there is a house, barn and two granaries on the place, in a fair condition. The farm is watered by a well, and about 100 acres are fenced. The farm is said to be well situated and a good one.

For further particulars, etc., application may be made to Messrs. Booth & Morrow, Barristers, 910 McLeod Bldg., Edmonton, Alta., Solicitors for the Vendor herein.

Dated at Edmonton, Alberta, this 21st day of September, 1921.

"R. P. WALLACE,"
Clerk of the Court.

Approved:

"A. Y. B.,"
Master in Chambers.

The Acadia Hotel

First Class Rooms

Restaurant in Connection

REGULAR MEALS 50c.

J. L. CARTER, Prop.

M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAYING

All orders promptly attended to

EXCHANGE FOR CATTLE—6 roomed dwelling house and lot in Chinook M. J. Hewitt, Chinook.

For Sale or Trade—160 acres of good farming land near Veteran. For particulars apply Chinook Advance.

Mortgage Sale of Farm Property

PURSUANT to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by "The Land Titles Act," under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Office of M. J. Hewitt in the Village of Chinook in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 5th day of November, 1921, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:

The W. 1/2 of Sec. 2 Township 29, Range 7, West of the 4th Meridian. Terms of Sale to be twenty per cent. cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year and the reservations contained in the existing Certificate of Title.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated, about 1 1/2 miles from the Village of Chinook, where there is the nearest elevator, Post Office and School. It contains 320 acres nearly all of which is arable. The soil is chocolate loam with clay and gravel subsoil. There are no buildings. Land is all fenced.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Carson & Carson, Barristers & Solicitors, Calgary, Alberta.

DATED at Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, this 11th day of July, A.D. 1921.

CARSON & CARSON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Approved
W. FORBES,
Registrar.

L. E. Ormond, B.A., LL.B.

Graduate of University of St. Francis Xavier's College and Dalhousie Law School.

Barrister, - Solicitor, -

Notary Public

HANNA AND CHINOOK

Chinook Office in charge of

D. Bell, B. A.

Walter M. Crockett LL.B.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary

MONEY TO LOAN.

Special attention given to collections

Chinook, Alta.

FOR SALE—Chevrolet 4-90 car in good condition. Price \$250. Apply Chinook Advance.

Rev. R. B. Cumming, B.A., who has been in charge of the Bigstone Mission, left last week to resume his studies at Victoria College, Toronto, but it is possible that if a man is available the work will be supplied all year round, instead of only in the summer season.

Thanksgiving services were held on Sunday, Sept. 24, at Rebel Creek, Northampton and Blood Indian. Record attendances were made at each point. The Schoolhouses were decorated for the occasion with grains, vegetables and flowers. Special music was given, and the spirit of the season observed.

There is sufficient coal in the Drumheller field, Red Deer Valley, to last the trade for 500 years according to estimates. The output of the 25 mines in operation there today will reach 1,400,000 tons this year, an average of 225 car loads per day; and wages paid will exceed \$4,000,000. Thirty thousand acres have been filed on by mining companies.

Chinook Advance

Published at Chinook, Alberta every Thursday

Robert Smith,
Editor and Publisher.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1921

M. D. of Golden Centre

The sixth meeting of Council of Golden Centre, was held on Wednesday, Oct. 5th. Members all present except Councillors Fulton and McConnell.

Minutes read and confirmed. Correspondence read and disposed of.

Financial statement to date was read and accepted.

Percy Crofts was required to pay 500.00 on Seed Grain Lien. W. Stilliker was required to apply 400 bu. wheat on Seed Grain Lien. R. Price was required to pay \$200 on Seed Grain Lien. The following actions were also taken in connection with seed grain liens: Geo. Hallett was required to make payment 150.00. T. Y. King 400.00. J. A. Collins was released from payment. J. H. Ellis was required to make payment of 250.00. Chas. McKinnon was allowed to sell two loads of wheat payment of seed grain lien. N. D. Ross was released from payment. R. W. Pitkeathly, with exception of seed and 100.00, was required to apply full proceeds of crop. Chas. Stuart was required to make payment of 350.00. W. E. Woods was required to make payment of 400.00. John Forrester was released from payment. E. B. Martin was required to deliver balance of wheat to elevator and store in our name. Bailiff was instructed to make seizure of oats on N.E. 26-29 6.

Dept. of Public Works was requested to build the following grades: From S.W. 1-29-5, six miles north, from S.W. 7-29-5 six miles north, from S.W. 3-29-4 six miles north, S.W. 28-29 6 and S.W. 16-30-6.

Coun. Kirkpatrick was appointed Deputy Reeve.

Secretary read resignation of Coun. Davidson to take effect at once, which was accepted.

Following accounts were paid: Road work Ward 1, 141.00, Ward 2, 414.27, Ward 4, 161.00, Ward 5, 56.00, repairs on fresnos 22.00, Express on supplies, 1 To, 1,000 envelopes 7.70, premium on T. Middleton Bond 5.00, bolts .85, grader plow 77.00, Blacksmith 7.10, lumber and pole 24.00, forms 19.77, fresno shoes 36.54, Bailiff 49.00, Weed Inspector 35.00.

Council adjourned to meet on Wednesday, Nov. 2nd.

THANKSGIVING DAY

Thanksgiving Day this year falls on Monday, November 7th. By legislation passed at the last session of the Dominion Government, it was decided to hold the national Thanksgiving Day on the Monday of the week containing November 11, Armistice Day.

Mrs. S. S. Gray, school teacher at Blood Indian, held a reception for the scholars the first week school opened. The afternoon was given over to games on the lawn. Tea was served outside, and the merry chatter showed that the children were enjoying themselves. Events of this nature tend to weld teacher and pupil in mutual sympathy, and it augurs well for the success of the school term.

Provincial School of Agriculture

At Youngstown

OFFERS FREE COURSE IN:

Cooking, Sewing, Laundry, Home Nursing, Household Management, Sanitation, Horticulture, English and Mathematics, Agronomy, Animal Husbandry, Mechanics, Veterinary Science, Dairying, Poultry, Farm Management and Economics.

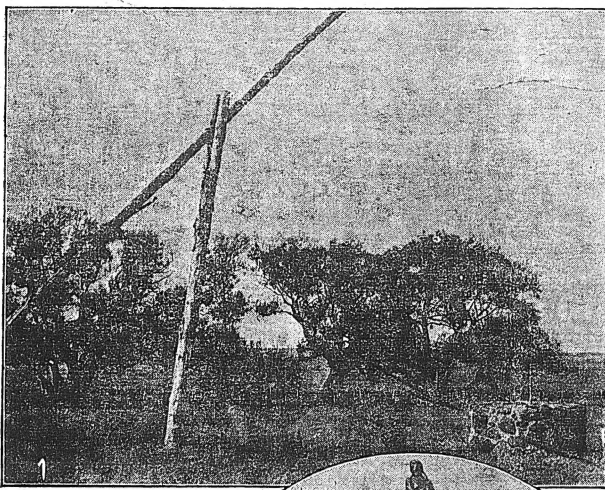
Courses extend over two sessions of five months each commencing October 27th. Open to boys and girls who have reached the age of sixteen years. Dormitory accommodation for girl students.

For Further Particulars App'y to R. M. SCOTT, PRINCIPAL

Hon. George Hoadley,
Minister of Agriculture

H. A. Craig,
Deputy Minister.

MAKING HISTORY AT GRAND PRÉ



At Grand Pré, Nova Scotia, the other day, three hundred members of the Acadian National Congress assembled, and kneeling reverently at the statue of Evangeline, the heroine of Longfellow's immortal poem, accepted on behalf of the Acadian race a gift of two acres of the Evangeline Memorial Park from the Dominion Atlantic Railway.

There are in all about fourteen acres in Evangeline Park, and the two acres were presented to the Acadian race on the condition that they would build a church there.

George E. Graham, general manager of the Dominion Atlantic Railway, expressed his pleasure at welcoming the delegates. With regard to the proposed church, the D. A. R. would still further beautify the grounds and would give it perfect setting. The company would open the old post road that had been closed for fifty or sixty years. He asked them to cast their minds forward the next five years when this chapel would be erected, a beautiful sanctuary in the midst of a beautiful country.

M. P. J. Venoit, minister of highways for New Brunswick, subscribed \$100. for the erection of the church and George E. Graham \$120 and the Rev. Father Cormier addressed the people, saying that the church would be erected on the site of the old church of St. Charles. It would be a facsimile of the church of their ancestors.

The following members of the Hornets' Trail Rangers Group of Blood Indian, were presented with Crests and Honor Badges at a Sunday evening service recently: Neil Sager, Bert Thompson, Lloyd Sager, Jack Cornell, Hugh Cornell, Douglas Wheeler, Eddie Berry, Gordon Cornell, Harry Cornell and Frank Dale.

Ray Youngren and Edwin Reinmuth were presented with Trail Ranger's Crests at Northampton School in the afternoon.

At the close of the evening service at Blood Indian on Sunday, the Trail Rangers waited on Rev. R. B. Cumming and presented him with a some of money as a token of the work done among them during the past summer season.

(1) Evangeline well and the willows, Grand Pré, N.S.
(2) Around the statue of Evangeline at Grand Pré.

Hon. D. V. Landry, Moncton, president of the Acadian Congress, formally took possession of the plot, and returned thanks to the Dominion Atlantic Railway for the gift. Men and women knelt reverently on the ground, the tears streaming down their faces, murmuring blessings on the day that had restored to them the land of their ancestors. They plucked flowers and leaves and dipped their fingers into the water, all of which were more sacred in their eyes than words could tell.

The pilgrimage to Grand Pré to 'upon itself all the characteristics of a pilgrimage to Holy Land. In the past, said Mr. Landry, the Acadians had been reproached as an inferior people. That reproach was now eliminated. The ambition of the Acadians now was to unite in work that would make not only for the returning of progress but for the advancement of all Canada. These sentiments were the sentiments of the whole race.

W. W. ISBISTER GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Discs Sharpened.

Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.

Headers and Binders. Also New header attachment for eight foot Binder. Order Your Twine Now

A. McAlister

Agent For I.H.C. Farm Implements

Great Possibilities For Developing Water Power Of Northern Saskatchewan

The natural resources of the extreme north of the Province of Saskatchewan are dealt with in a report, copy of which has been handed by the Provincial Police to T. M. Molloy, commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries. The report is prepared by Constable Chappuis, Ile a la Crosse detachment, and deals with the patrol through Northern Saskatchewan along the route of travel from Ile a la Crosse to Fond du Lac and Selkirk Lake.

In speaking of the water power in this portion of the province, Constable Chappuis states:

"Starting at the north end of Ile a la Crosse Lake, the Churchill River enters Hudson's Bay at Fort Churchill. The current is strong, swift and clear, the Churchill Rapids being worthy of note on account of the possibilities of some future development of the tremendous power of water. At the Dipper Rapids, about half-way between Ile a la Crosse and Selkirk Lake, the fall is about 14 feet in 200 yards and a dam could be easily constructed below the rapids as the banks are solid and fairly high. The Drun is another lively rapid, situated near Lippert Lake. I consider that these places would be suitable for the development of hydro energy."

"Lake Athabasca," he continues, referring to the enormous bodies of water in the north, "is the second largest lake in the Province of Saskatchewan, being fully 260 miles long and 50 miles wide. Only three-quarters of it is in Saskatchewan, the other portion being in Alberta, so that Reindeer Lake, which is 105 miles long and 45 miles wide, takes the premier place as the largest body of water in Saskatchewan."

"Commercial fishing is carried on extensively in the principal lake district," Constable Chappuis goes on, "whitefish, lake trout, toboggans and dories being the most common catches. This industry keeps fully one hundred teams busy hauling fish over the ice in winter to the rail heads, most of the fish going to the United States market."

"There is a large variety of fur-bearing animals in this district and the fur trade is the chief occupation of the most numerous fur-bearing animals being muskrat, weasel, mink, marten, fox and beaver. Big game is also plentiful, chief among which are the barren land caribou, moose, woodland caribou and jumping deer. The barren land caribou keeps to the barren land during the summer months and comes into the beginning of November."

Referring to timber, he states that there is not a great deal of merchantable timber in the district, although between Green Lake and Buffalo Lake there are strips of good spruce standing that would be well worth cutting and would justify the erection of a big mill. "Forest fires," he says, "have done a lot of damage and have spotted a lot of good young timber."

According to the report there are some strips of open land suitable for cultivation, and also meadows where good hay in large quantities can be obtained between Green Lake and Ile a la Crosse. Thousands of tons of hay go to waste every year, but owing to the fact that there are periodical rains which flood these hay lands, Constable Chappuis believes that until they are drained farming or ranching would be a hard and arduous occupation in this part of the province.

An Eighty-Year-Old Lobster.
While fishing from a boat at Chatham-on-Sea, Mr. Kent, of New Broad Street, London, caught a lobster weighing 9 1/2 pounds. It was 2 feet long, the body being over 12 inches. The fish, which was caught by an ordinary fishing line and hook, is believed to be about 80 years old.

Scranton Biggest Coal Centre.
More coal is mined annually in Scranton, Pa., than in any other city in the world. Within the city limits there are about thirty-five mines in operation with a yearly output of over six million tons.

The patriotic man is loyal to his country and to the community in which he lives. If he is consistent he will give first preference to Canadian made goods when making purchases. He will also stand loyally by his local dealer.

Certain species of ants kill their fellows if they refuse to share their food supply in time of war with other tribes.

Evidence Of Life Found On Moon

Astronomers Report Finding Vegetation and Fleecy Mountains.

Dr. C. C. Booth, John H. Chase and T. G. Beede, well-known Ohio astronomers, have announced their belief in the discovery of life on the moon, hitherto regarded as a dead planet. Mr. Beede operates one of the largest telescopes in Ohio. All three are recognized observers.

"We found a beautiful fleecy effect from one mountain to another," said Mr. Chase, "and agreed that one of the mountains we had seen was Aristarchus, from which a cloud extended to Herodotus. We found Aristarchus to be a mountain that glitters, and is composed probably of light. We also observed a streak of light with changing colors between it and Herodotus, which would indicate we had discovered a low form of vegetation."

"We also saw an apparently permanent rock formation, but which we believe might be some substance being thrown out by craters. This fact would further indicate existence of life on the satellite."

Mr. Chase said their study of the moon followed reports by Prof. Pickering, of Harvard, who said he had observed white patches on the edge of the highest craters and light streaks changing in appearance, as well as color changes. According to Prof. Pickering, the white patches denote snow, the fleecy streaks clouds, and the changing colors a form of vegetation.

An Old Bank Account

Former U.S. Senator Made Deposit Over 50 Years Ago.

Along about 1850 or 1860, when Chancey M. Depew decides to retire from the directorate of the New York Central Railroad and pass his declining years in rest and quiet at Briarcliffe Manor he will have a nice little nest egg laid aside for his old age. "The first \$100 I ever made," he said, "was deposited in the Peckskill Savings Bank at interest. That was more than sixty years ago, the year before the civil war started. It never had been there over since because I never had the heart to draw it out, although sometimes I needed it badly. I always thought something might happen."

"Then I forgot all about it," the former Senator continued. "The other day I was in Peckskill and dropped in at the bank. I asked them if I had any money there, and an official told me that my old account of \$100 was still on the books and had multiplied to \$800. He said it was their 'star account' because of its venerableness."

Mr. Depew added that he had an other account of \$87.50 which he deposited in the Winchester County Bank fifty years ago. This did not draw interest. It is still there and still \$87.50. He is going to leave both accounts where they are, he said.

Mottos On Money

German Poet Copybook Phrase On Halfpenny Coin.

The Germans have adopted the idea of stamping a copybook motto on the face of a new fifty-penny piece which has just been issued.

The coin, worth about a halfpenny at the present rate of exchange, is very light, and appears to be a nickel alloy. The device illustrates a sheet of wheat, across which is struck the simple German phrase: "Sicht reicht bringt Segen. This means, 'Self-help brings blessing.'"

These coins closely resemble the "quarter."

"I understand that your boy Josh is interested in perpetual motion."

"Yes," replied Farmer Hawback, "and I'm kinder encouraged about it. I thought for a while that the only thing Josh was interested in was perpetual rest."

Trade Is Looking Up.
Dooley: "They may talk about business being bad, but I know a man whose trade is looking up."

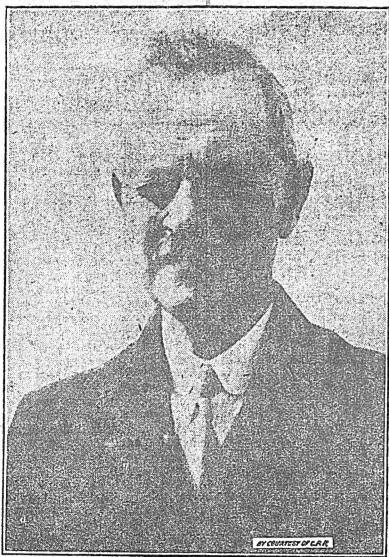
Dana: "In what? Who is he?"

Dooley: "An astronomer."

Meals are cooked on the latest airship by exhaust heat from the engines.

Women of the Moslem faith are forbidden to appear on the public stage.

The famous London Bridge was thrown open to traffic in 1831.



Lord Byng of Vimy, taken on board S.S. "Empress of France" en route to Canada.

Will Use Tractors To Study Sahara

Caterpillar Drive For Motor Expected To Carry Geologists Over Desert.

The secrets of the Sahara desert which have been revealed to only a few crossing the sandy waste on camel trains north to the south, are soon to be studied by an automobile party under the auspices of the French ministry and the departments of colonies and war.

Recent experiments have convinced the authors of the scheme that it is possible to leave France's Mediterranean colonies in automobiles equipped with caterpillar drives which will prevent their sinking into the sands. The French inventor, M. Kergesse, has improved the caterpillar idea by a wide distribution of the burden so that it will not exceed three and a half ounces a square inch, and certain firms are now constructing a special series of cars for this journey. Each car will carry a reservoir of 200 quarts of petrol with another tank of 1,000 quarts on trailers, which is considered a sufficient fuel supply to reach Timbuctoo without delay.

The party will include several geologists who will study the possibilities of developing the mineral wealth known to exist in the equatorial possessions, but which, owing to the lack of communications, are as yet untouched. If the first trip is successful weekly departures will be arranged.

It is estimated that the Sahara can be crossed in less than a fortnight, while pack train routes following the coastlines cannot be negotiated in less than seven weeks. The ministry of colonies believes that early next year will see the opening of Africa's resources, with a tremendous exodus from the crowded portions of Central Europe if the mails and supplies can be assured of safe transportation.

Prince Rupert Company Takes Over Sawmill

Has Cutting Capacity of 40,000,000 Feet a Year.

The Emerson sawmill at Prince Rupert and its lumber limits in this district and several water powers as well, are being taken over by the Prince Rupert Pulp and Paper Company, Limited. The sawmill is located on Prince Rupert Harbor and has a cutting capacity of 40,000,000 feet a year. The plans of the Prince Rupert Pulp Company call for the installation of a pulp mill of 200 tons a day capacity, which will be located alongside the existing sawmill. The first unit being installed is a 40-ton sulphite mill, which it is expected will be completed early next year.

Strict Economy.
An economical housewife told her husband that she would have to ask him for 10 shillings more a week on account of the high cost of living.

"I'll try to give you five," he grumbled. "That's the best I can do. You're pretty extravagant, Amelia!"

"Ma extravagant?" And Amelia laughed bitterly. "Well, James, I don't see how you can call a woman extravagant who has saved her wedding dress for more than 20 years on the chance she may make a second marriage."—Edinburgh Scotsman

Butter Scoring Contests

Results Recorded by the Dairy Branch at Ottawa for May, June and July.

This is the third year of the Dominion Educational Butter Scoring Contest conducted by the Dairy and Cold Storage Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. Last year and the year before, four creameries in each province contributed a fourteen pound sample each month from May to October inclusive for the competition. This year six creameries in each province are competing, a different creamery each month from May to October sending in a sample. The scores for the first three months, May, June and July, of this year show Manitoba and Alberta leading with an average of 96.7 points, Quebec next with 96, Nova Scotia following with 94.5, Saskatchewan with 94.3, British Columbia with 94.2, Ontario 93.7, New Brunswick 93.6, and Prince Edward Island 93.5. Manitoba leads in flavor with 97.5, followed by Quebec, except that British Columbia is eighth, and Ontario ninth. The average per cent. of salt added at churning was 2.27 points, the average per cent. salt in the butter was 1.45. Testing shows that from 1 to 1.4 per cent. salt is about right for the export trade. In the opinion of the judges the texture, incorporation of moisture, and salting so far this season are more uniform than in previous contests. The average per cent. of moisture in the butter it should be stated was 14.05. The color, however, varied from almost white to a deep June shade.

New Invention For Motorists

Sounds From Rear Are Intensified By "Charaphones."

Motorists in England are now able to use an additional means of hearing oncoming and overtaking traffic.

An instrument has been devised by which the sound coming from behind is caught by a large funnel-shaped drum at the rear of the car and the noise conveyed along a tube to the driver's ear. The front "earpiece" is so shaped that the air currents, striking it from the front as the car moves along are diverted, making a sort of vacuum, caused by suction.

By this means the sounds from the rear are drawn in more rapidly and are intensified just where the chauffeur is sitting. Charaphones largely utilize these "charaphones," as the new invention is named, for it is very difficult for their drivers to see or hear behind, owing to the enormous size of the vehicles.

Obliging.
"Ah, Jackson!" exclaimed a miserly individual thoughtlessly, meeting an acquaintance at a railway station bar. "It isn't often we meet—what will you have?"

"Thanks," replied his friend considerably astonished. "I'm not particular."

"Good," said the close-fisted one, "then we'll have a walk."

They're Still At It.

The New York Times reproduces part of the front page of its issue of 25 years ago. One of the leading articles is headed: "Fierce Riots in Belfast." It takes an optimist to talk of settling the Irish question.—Medicine Hat News.

Experiments Have Shown Good Margin Of Profit In Steer Feeding

Empire Wireless

Chain Commences

Greetings Sent to all British Stations Within Range.

The Postmaster-General inaugurated at Lenfield, Oxford, the first station of the Imperial Wireless Chain by sending a message of greeting to all British stations within range expressing the hope that the inauguration of the chain and the establishment of this first station would help to knit the bonds of Empire still closer together and to forge bonds of amity between the British Empire and other states.

Berlin was among the first stations to reply and sent reciprocal greetings appreciative of the sentiments of friendship that had been expressed. The stations at Karlsruhe, Budapest and Lemberg in Denmark were also the earliest respondents.

Special Tube For Gauging Rainfall

Must Be Placed In Open Position Away From Obstructions.

To measure rainfall it is necessary to use a rain gauge. In its common form it consists of a cylindrical vessel closed at the top by a funnel-shaped lip, through a hole in the centre of which the rain falls. A narrow glass tube, rising outside of the vessel from near the bottom, shows the amount of rain in the vessel. A very simple rain gauge consists of a copper funnel, the area of whose opening is exactly ten square inches. The funnel allows the rain to pass into a bottle, and the quantity of rain caught is ascertained by multiplying the weight in ounces by .173, which gives the depth in inches. A rain gauge must be placed in an open position as possible away from trees, houses or other obstructions.

London Will Again Become First Port

Large Repair Plants to be Erected On Thames.

London will again become the first port of the world when the plans of the Belfast shipbuilders, Harland & Wolff, are in full operation. This firm has obtained eight sites along the banks of the Thames for the establishment of plants to repair and redecorate ships on a large scale. It is anticipated that several thousand men will be employed. In addition to repair work on ships, barges, tugs, lock gates and machinery, the repairs to the plant belonging to the port of London authority will be handled by the Belfast firm. Hitherto much of the repair work has been sent elsewhere.

The company will spend over 1,000,000 on new buildings alone.

A Victim Of Solitude

Lonely Telegraph Operator Found Demented By His Relief.

From the loneliness of a station in the Dominion, situated 120 miles north of Hazelton, Northern B.C., in a valley surrounded by mountains, George Smith, operator, has just been brought to the mental asylum at New Westminster, a victim of solitude. He may recover.

Smith's nearest neighbors lived twenty miles away, over heavy trails, so that it was virtually impossible to visit. For three months before he was found, demented, by his relief, Smith had not seen a human being, but he had mechanically answered occasional calls over the wire, regularly reporting himself as "O.K." to Hazelton, so that there was no suspicion that "the north had got him."

So isolated is the station that in some years not more than three messages are filed there, but it is rather important as link in the line to the Yukon. Smith is 48 years of age, and had been in the employ of the B.C. Telegraph Company nearly all his life. As a result of his mental collapse, it is likely that in future two men will be sent to remote stations or that reliefs will come at shorter intervals.

—By P. W. Luce.

Fur Farming.

Canada now has 532 fur farms. The boom has gone, but steady progress has remained. The business of growing furs by domestic propagation of fur-bearing animals is one with a great future. Twenty years hence, most of our furs may be farm-produced.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Each season for a number of years thousands of Canadian steers have been bought on our Western markets, shipped to the Central States and there fed on high-priced land, in districts where labor charges are at most as great as in Canada and where feed is quite as expensive. Farmers in Western Canada should give careful consideration to the matter of making fattening steers part of their regular farm operations. The farmer in Western Canada is close to the source of supply; he may either buy the steers in his own neighborhood or secure them from his closest large market. Every autumn the market is glutted with half-finished cattle, consequently prices are usually greatly depressed at such times. Almost every year great quantities of good cut and wheat straw are destroyed, either by burning or allowing to rot. Coarse grains are often put on the market at sacrifice prices, whereas, were they fed to steers, it would bring more profitable returns. It has been found that, changing the grain and other feeds up at highest market prices of seventy-eight animals fattened, the average profit over feed cost amounted to \$17.22 per animal.

The first factor that should be taken into consideration is that of securing good feeders. Experiments conducted at Brandon and other places indicate that two-year-olds make the most profitable gains. They should be of good type; that is to say, broad, low-set animals with good strong constitutions and good, mossy coats. The amount of flesh the animals should carry at the time of purchase will depend on the period for which the animals are to be fed, but it is not usually advisable to buy steers until first because this condition may indicate that there is something constitutionally wrong, and second, in outdoor feeding they do not usually prove hardy. Hornless steers are the most profitable. While other steers can be doctored after purchase experiments conducted at Swift show that there is a considerable loss—much greater than is usually thought—from doctoring. However, since the buyers will usually pay sufficient for doctored steers to practically cover this loss, it is advisable to dohorn, should horns be purchased, as this avoids injury to the feed yard.

The next point that requires careful attention from the feeders is that of feeds. There should be a plentiful supply of roughage within easy hauling distance. This roughage may consist of hay, good cut straw, or if neither of these is available, wheat straw. In addition to these, however, silage has proven a valuable feed for fattening steers by supplying both bulk and succulence to the ration. If field roots are available they make an excellent addition to hay or straw.

In feeding, regularity is of great importance; the grain ration should be started with light feeds and this should be gradually and uniformly increased. The animals may be started off on two or four pounds of grain per day and increased until they are receiving from twelve to sixteen pounds daily. In order to make good use of the feed, animals should have access to water twice per day or (if a tank heater is used, they should have access to the water at all times. Salt should also be given the animals regularly.

The third factor in successful feeding is that of shelter. If a barn, well-ventilated, is available, then it should be used, but it is not essential. A cheap frame shed made of single ply of boards or a straw shelter will do, in districts where there is a plentiful supply of timber, the steers may be fed out-of-doors. Experiments at Scott have proven that on the open prairie the steers made better gains if fed inside under cover than if fed in a corral. Where wheat straw is abundant, it is usually in the West the animals should be kept well bedded.

In conclusion, it may be pointed out that the profit will depend, first, on the selecting of good animals at reasonable prices; second, on the gains made during the winter; third, in putting the animals in condition to grade well at market time; fourth, on selling at such a time as will permit, securing a good spread between the buying and selling prices. It will also usually be found that buying and selling in carload lots is the most profitable method of handling.—By M. J. Thilane, Scott, Sask.

Yes, Indeed.

He was at his club and had talked politics for an hour and a half. "That's the situation in a nutshell," he declared at the close. "Heavens!" exclaimed a member to his neighbor. "What a nut!"—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Sounding Creek M.D. Petition Dept. of Public Work for Grant of \$5,000

At the regular meeting of the Council of the M.D. of Sounding Creek held on Saturday, Oct. 8, it was decided to petition the Department of Public Work to grant the sum of five thousand dollars in order that the graveling of the road from the south west corner of Sec. 15-30-9-4 north to the correction line, between townships 30 and 31, and then one mile east and one half mile west along the said correction line, may be completed without delay.

The following Councillors were present at the meeting: Cameron, Proctor, Coad, Fraser and Cowan.

That under authority of Sec. 223 of the Municipal District Act, all hospital bills of ratepayers in future sent to the municipal office for collection, shall be placed against the lands of such rate payers as taxes.

That the mill rates for the three new school districts formed this year be struck as follows: Anita, 5 mills; Chesterfield, 7 mills; Glenalva, 6 mills.

That the requests for grants from the two agricultural societies be tabled.

The following bills were passed: Road work No. 1, 138.00; No. 2, 64.00; No. 3, 151.00; No. 5, 239.40. Weed bills, N. E. 24-30-9, 100.00; S.W. 14-29-8, 66.00; N.W. 6-31-9, 180.00; N.W. 20-31-8, 45.00; S.W. 34-30-9, 45.00; S.E. 6-29-9, 24.00; N.E. 15-31-7, \$76 L. M. Colpitts, salary and mileage, \$132.85; Youngstown Dist. U.F.A., \$243.95; Robinson Bros. \$21.00; Empire Lbr Co, Chinook \$36.65; Telephone bill, \$3.65.

The council adjourned to meet again on Saturday, Nov. 12th at 2 p.m.

At the Chautauqua

Morris G. Hindus, author of a famous book on Russian conditions, will bring a vivid picture to the Chinook Chautauqua in his lecture on "Storm Tossed Russia" born in a Russian village, he spent there his early boyhood, and received his first education in a government school. When still a boy, at the age of 14 to be exact, realizing the limited avenues of higher education, emigrated to America and advanced through collegiate institutions, until he gained Harvard. Mr. Hindus is affiliated with no party, but aims to help humanity, understanding all Russian parties. He champions no theory, but interprets all. "The fate of the whole world rests upon Russia," he states in his lecture, and with this statement he uttered a world of meaning. The speaker is thoroughly acquainted with his subject, and tremendously alive to the significance of the decision by the Allies of what shall be done with and for his country. Mr. Hindus' outstanding success and reception on the big summer six day program proved that Canadians want the truth about Russia as presented in "Storm Tossed Russia" Will appear with the Chautauqua at Chinook November 8-9-10

RED CROSS SOCIETY

On her return from a recent trip of inspection in the Southern part of the Province, Mrs. C. B. Waagen, Honorary Secretary of the Alberta Branch, Canadian Red Cross Society, brought back a great deal of valuable information from the districts she visited. As a result there has been a decided impetus to the organization of Red Cross units. The Junior Red Cross is spreading so fast, it is not faster, than the senior organization.

Northampton School Concert

A very delightful concert was held Friday, Sept. 30, at Northampton Schoolhouse. The afternoon was given over to decorating the school and rehearsing. The quality of the oats and garden vegetables was surprising for such a dry year, but the sample of wheat reflected the condition of the country.

The music, drills and recitations were well rendered, and great credit is due Mrs. Francis Youngren, the teacher, for the excellent performance, which showed the result of diligent preparation. Several people drove over from Blood Indian district and assisted in the program. Lunch was served before and after the program. A collection was taken in aid of the church work.

Blood Indian Sports Day

A feature of the reopening of Blood Indian School, was the Sports program which was run off with good success recently. Running, jumping, group and team games were keenly contested points being given the winners in each event. The school champion for the day was Bert Thompson. Parents came to the school and supper was served, after which a very creditable program of songs, recitations and drills was given. The Mrs. S. S. Gray, the teacher showed what really could be done in so short a time for practice. The champion of the sports was taken sick, but a volunteer hero was found in Douglas Wheeler who took his share in the contest without any hesitation. An address on "Lloyd George, the world statesman" was given by Rev. R. B. Cumming. A collection was taken up to present the Trail Ranger Group with Crests and Badges, which they have won during the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Sager entertained the Hornets' Trail Ranger Group last Wednesday evening. The boys supplied the program in a very willing impromptu concert. The treat of the evening was a bountiful and apparently inexhaustible supply of water melon grown in Mrs. Sager's garden. The event also marked the farewell to Miss Muriel Sager who is going to Calgary to attend High School.

Mr. W. C. Taylor has just returned to his daughter's, Mrs. F. J. Hassett, after visiting in Victoria, B.C., and High River, where Mr. Taylor first homesteaded.

Threshing, which was not a very long job this year, has just finished down Blood Indian district. Whatever the newspapers have to report about the quality of the grain in other parts is scarcely true of this part of the country, judging at least by the verdict of the elevator man. What with the dry years, low grade and vanishing price, only a hero with a strong back and sweet temper can endure these conditions much longer.

CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$ 88
" No. 2	85
" No. 3	80
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	24
Oats, feed	21
Barley	30
Flax	1.40
Rye	.62
Live Hogs (Calgary)	60.00
Eggs	30
Butter	30

Your Big Chance to Save Money

VISIT

J. R. MILLER'S Close Out Sale

Hundreds of Bargains Await You Here.

Don't Pay Regular Prices
While this Sale Is On:
You Don't Have To.

Everything Must Be Sold.

Store for Sale or Rent. Store Fixtures for Sale.

Special for Saturday

100 sacks 98 lbs. Robin Hood Flour	at \$4.25
25 Boxes McIntosh Red Apples	at \$3.65
25 Crates of Apples	at \$2.35

J. R. MILLER

Merchant, Chinook.

Announcement

Service Garage Chinook

Have been appointed authorized dealers for
Ford Motor Co., Ltd., of Ford, Ont.
Touring Cars, Trucks and
Tractors. Genuine Ford Parts
For Sale

Ford owners are assured of excellent service at

Service Garage
Cooley Bros., Chinook

Old Country

A Word
TO
The Wise

Fall and Christmas
Sailings for all Steamship
Lines are Available. If
You Are Planning

Make
Reservations
EARLY

A TRIP TO THE OLD COUNTRY THIS WINTER SEE OR
WRITE ANY CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAY AGENT OR
W. J. QUINLAN, W. STAPLETON, J. MADILL,
Dist. Passenger Agt. Dist. Passenger Agt. Dist. Passenger Agt.
WINNIPEG, Man. SASKATON, Sask. EDMONTON, Alta.

BOOKINGS

Canadian National Railways

Big Closing-Out SALE

We Are Still Using the Knife!



Several lines have received another slash, and we are now selling at a considerable loss.

Look over Our Beds, Mattresses and Springs. There never were such prices in town before.

Note: As I am leaving Chinook in 30 days, I would like accounts squared up before that date. If you owe a small amount please call at once as it will save me a lot of work in getting cleared up, and oblige.

Yours truly,

R. S. WOODRUFF.

R. S. Woodruff